



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

*In accordance with ISO 14025 and
EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for*

Mapequick AF 70



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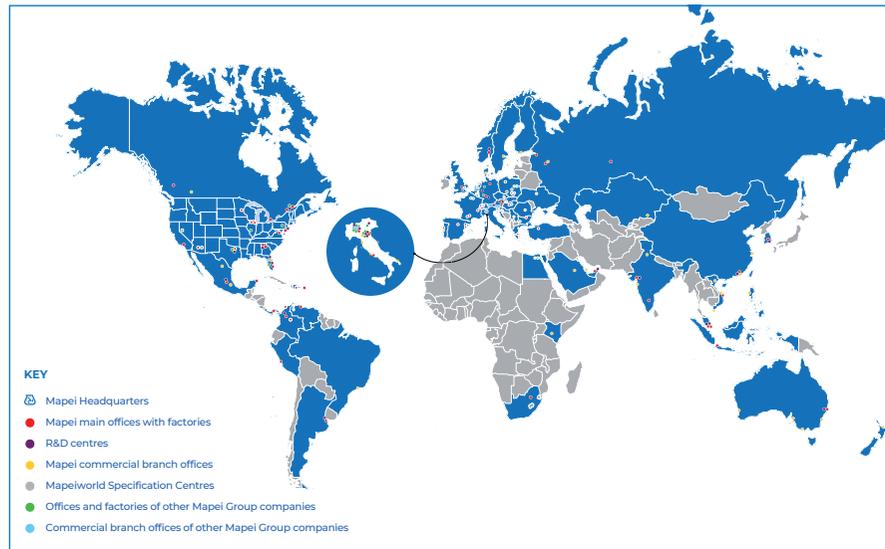


1. COMPANY DESCRIPTION / GOAL & SCOPE

Founded in 1937 in Milan, Italy, Mapei produces adhesives and complementary products for laying all types of floor, wall and coating materials, and also specializes in other chemical products used in the building industry, such as waterproofing products, specialty mortars, admixtures for concrete, cement additives, products for underground constructions and for the restoration of concrete and historical buildings.

There are currently 90 subsidiaries in the Mapei Group, with a total of 83 production facilities located around the world in 36 different countries and in 5 different continents. Mapei also has 31 central laboratories. Most locations are ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 or EMAS-certified.

Mapei invests 12% in its company's total work-force and 5% of its turnover in Research & Development; in particular, 70% of its R&D efforts are directed to develop eco-sustainable and environmentally friendly products, which give important contribution to all major



LEED V4 is the latest version of Leadership in Environmental and Energy Design, an American protocol that enables buildings to be certified as eco-sustainable according to parameters and credits described in the most widely adopted green building criteria in the world. Issued by the GBC US, it is mandatory for all LEED projects registered after October 2016.

Numerous changes have been made to the previous version: Mapei products play a part in obtaining important credits thanks to their EPD's (type III environmental declarations) and their products with very low emission of VOC.

Launched in the UK in 1990, **BREEAM** (BRE Environmental Assessment Method) is a protocol for sustainable building practices adopted mainly in the United Kingdom and in Scandinavian countries with the version BREEAM NOR.

By adopting this protocol, thanks to their EPD's and very low emission of VOC, Mapei products help towards obtaining relative credits.

green rating systems for eco-sustainable buildings such as LEED and BREEAM.

Furthermore, Mapei has developed a sales and technical service network with offices all over the world and offers an efficient Technical Assistance Service that is valued by architects, engineers, contractors and owners.

Mapei Nordic production site is located in Sagstua, Norway. The production site consists of 5 factories: two factories for powder-based products, two factories for liquid admixtures and one factory for thermosetting plastic-based products.

The total size of the buildings is 24.000 sqm. The energy in these factories are provided from water electricity, geothermal heating

and remaining approximately 10 % heated by bio oil. Mapei Nordic focuses both on energy and on logistic optimisation, as for example the systematic Lean based improvement work. With 60 – 80 trailers per day, and 1650 transport lines, requires Mapei to work actively on optimizing our logistic process.

The goal of the study is to provide necessary data and documentation to produce an EPD according to the requirements of PCR Environdec (Version 1.11, 2021-02-05) under EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and to have more comprehension about the environmental impacts related to **Mapequick AF70** manufactured in Mapei AS located in Sagstua (NO), in year 2021, including packaging of the finished products.

Target audiences of the study are customers and other parties with an interest in the environmental impacts of **Mapequick AF70**. This analysis shall not support comparative assertions intended to be disclosed to the public.

2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Mapequick AF70 is a liquid alkali-free accelerator, with which it is possible to produce shotcrete characterised by rapid setting times and a very quick development of its strength after only a very short curing time. The product is especially developed for the Nordic and Baltic conditions. The product is supplied both in IBC and bulk. The mapequick AF70 is classified according to EN 934-5 Standard: “Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout - Part 5: Admixtures for sprayed concrete - Definitions, requirements, conformity, marking and labelling”.

For more information see the TDS (Technical Data Sheet) on Mapei AS website (www.mapei.com/NO).

3. CONTENT DECLARATION

The main components and ancillary materials of the products included in this EPD are the following:

Table 1: Composition referred to 1 kg of product packaged in IBC

| Materials | Percentage (%) by mass |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| Inorganic substances | < 85% |
| Organic substances | < 8% |
| Water | < 15% |
| Packaging Materials | Percentage (%) by mass |
| Plastic (IBC) | < 0,5% |
| Metal (IBC) | < 0,5% |
| Wood (IBC) | < 0,5% |

The product does not contain a concentration higher than 0,1% (by unit weight) of either carcinogenic substances or substances of very high concern (SVHC) on the REACH Candidate List published by the European Chemicals Agency.

4. DECLARED UNIT AND REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

The declared unit is 1 kg of finished product packaging included (if present).

Due to the selected system boundary, the reference service life of the products is not specified.

5. SYSTEM BOUNDARIES AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The approach is “cradle to gate” (A1–A3);

- A1, A2, A3 (Product stage): extraction and processing of raw materials and packaging (A1), transportation up to the factory gate (A2), manufacturing of the finished product (A3)

Table 2: System boundaries

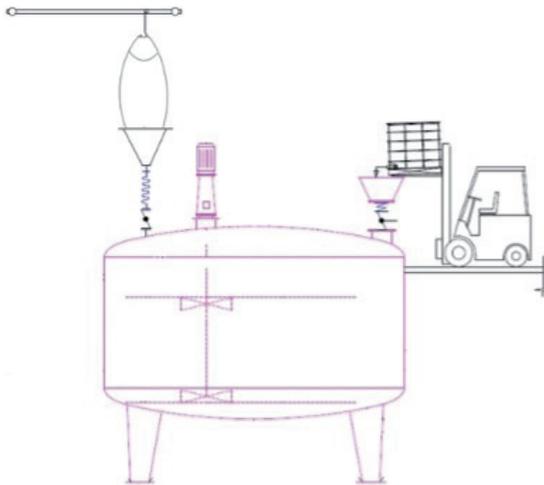
| | Product stage | | | Construction process stage | | Use stage | | | | | | | End of life stage | | | | Resource recovery stage | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-----|---|
| | Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Construction installation | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential | | |
| Module | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D | | |
| Modules declared | X | X | X | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | |
| Geography | EU, IT | EU | NO | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Specific data | > 90% | | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Variation – products | Not-relevant | | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation – sites | Not-relevant | | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

MND: Module Not Declared

A brief description of production process is the following:

The production process starts from raw materials, that are purchased from external and intercompany suppliers and stored in the plant. Bulk raw materials are stored in specific silos and added automatically in the production mixer, according to the formula of the product. Other raw materials, supplied in bags, big bags or plastic 1000 lt IBC, are stored in their warehouse and added automatically or manually to the mixer. The production is a discontinuous process, in which all the components are mechanically mixed in batches. The semi-finished product is then packaged in plastic 1000 lt IBC or managed in bulk. The quality of final products is controlled before the sale.

Figure 1: Production process



6. CUT-OFF RULES AND ALLOCATION

Criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs (cut-off rules) in the LCA, information modules and any additional information are intended to support an efficient calculation procedure. They are not applied in order to hide data. Cut-off criteria, where applied, are described in Table 3.

Table 3: Cut-off criteria

| Process excluded from study | Cut-off criteria | Quantified contribution from process |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| A3: production (auxiliary materials) | Less than 10 ⁻⁵ kg/kg of finished product | Sensitivity study demonstrates a relative contribution lower than 0,5% |

For the allocation procedure and principles consider the following table (Table 4):

Table 4: Allocation procedure and principles

| Module | Allocation Principle |
|--------|--|
| A1 | All data are referred to 1 kg of product A1: electricity is allocated to the specific production line |
| A3 | All data are referred to 1 kg of packaged product A3-wastes: all data are allocated to the whole production plant |

7. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE AND INTERPRETATION



GWP

Climate change

GWPTotal - Global Warming Potential refers to the emission/presence of GHGs (greenhouse gases) in the atmosphere (mainly CO₂, N₂O, CH₄) which contribute to the increase in the temperature of the planet.

GWP-total considers:

- GWP-fossil
- GWP-biogenic
- GWP-luluc (land use and land use change)



ODP

Ozone Depletion

Ozone Depletion Potential refers to the degradation of the stratospheric layer of the ozone involved in blocking the UV component of sunrays. Depletion is due to particularly reactive components that originate from chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) or chlorofluoromethane (CFM).



AP

Acidification

Acidification Potential refers to the emission of specific acidifying substances (i.e. NO_x, SO_x) in the air. These substances decrease the pH of the rainfall with predictable damages to the ecosystem.



EP

Eutrophication

Eutrophication Potential refers to the nutrient enrichment, which determines unbalance in ecosystems and causes the death of the fauna and decreased biodiversity in flora.

It considers:

- EP-freshwater: aquatic freshwater
- EP-marine: aquatic marine
- EP-terrestrial



POCP

Photochemical ozone formation

The Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential is the ozone formation in low atmosphere. This is quite common in the cities where a great amount of pollutants (like VOC and NO_x) are emitted every day (industrial emissions and vehicles). It is mainly diffused during the summertime.



**ADP
minerals&metals**

Depletion of abiotic resources – minerals and metals

Abiotic Depletion Potential elements refers to the depletion of the mineral resources.



ADP - fossil

Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuel

Abiotic Depletion Potential fossil fuel refers to the depletion of the fossil fuel resources.



WDP

Water use

It expresses the potential deprivation of water, that consists in not having the water needs satisfied.

The following tables show the environmental impacts for the products considered according to the requirements of EN15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021. The results are referred to the declared unit (see § 4). The additional environmental indicators are not declared.

MAPEQUICK AF70

(1 kg of product in IBC packaging)

Table 5: MAPEQUICK AF70: Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804 referred to 1 kg of product in IBC packaging:

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| GWP_{TOTAL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,22E-01 | 1,71E-02 | 1,03E-02 | 6,50E-01 |
| GWP _{FOSSIL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,14E-01 | 1,71E-02 | 1,37E-02 | 6,45E-01 |
| GWP _{BIOGENIC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 7,08E-03 | -1,65E-04 | -3,44E-03 | 3,48E-03 |
| GWP _{LULUC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,02E-04 | 1,14E-04 | 1,97E-06 | 7,18E-04 |
| ODP | (kg CFC 11 eq.) | 3,69E-08 | 1,67E-15 | 9,88E-14 | 3,69E-08 |
| AP | (mol H ⁺ eq.) | 7,80E-03 | 6,21E-05 | 5,12E-05 | 7,91E-03 |
| EP _{FRESHWATER} | (kg P eq.) | 3,69E-04 | 6,03E-08 | 2,59E-08 | 3,69E-04 |
| EP _{MARINE} | (kg N eq.) | 8,34E-04 | 2,60E-05 | 8,70E-06 | 8,68E-04 |
| EP _{TERRESTRIAL} | (mol N eq.) | 6,87E-03 | 2,91E-04 | 9,45E-05 | 7,25E-03 |
| POCP | (kg NMVOC eq.) | 2,20E-03 | 5,38E-05 | 2,65E-05 | 2,28E-03 |
| ADP _{MINERALS&METALS} * | (kg Sb eq.) | 1,51E-05 | 1,71E-09 | 2,15E-09 | 1,51E-05 |
| ADP _{FOSSIL} * | (MJ) | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 2,94E-01 | 1,25E+01 |
| WDP* | (m ³ world eq.) | 6,14E-01 | 1,89E-04 | 3,35E-03 | 6,18E-01 |

GWP_{TOTAL}: Global Warming Potential total; **GWP_{FOSSIL}**: Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; **GWP_{BIOGENIC}**: Global Warming Potential biogenic; **GWP_{LULUC}**: Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; **ODP**: Depletion Potential of the stratospheric Ozone layer; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **EP_{FRESHWATER}**: Eutrophication Potential, freshwater; **EP_{MARINE}**: Eutrophication Potential, marine; **EP_{TERRESTRIAL}**: Eutrophication Potential, terrestrial; **POCP**: Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; **ADP_{MINERALS&METALS}**: Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources; **ADP_{FOSSIL}**: Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources; **WDP**: Water Deprivation Potential.

*The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is a limited experience with the indicator

Table 6: MAPEQUICK AF70: Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators referred to 1 kg of product in IBC packaging:

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| GWP-GHG | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,00E-01 | 1,69E-02 | 1,33E-02 | 6,30E-01 |

GWP-GHG: The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

Table 7: MAPEQUICK AF70: Use of resources referred to 1 kg of product in IBC packaging:

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|-----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PERE | MJ | 9,37E-01 | 1,54E-02 | 8,79E-02 | 1,04E+00 |
| PERM | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,06E-02 | 6,06E-02 |
| PERT | MJ | 9,37E-01 | 1,54E-02 | 1,48E-01 | 1,10E+00 |
| PENRE | MJ | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 2,94E-01 | 1,25E+01 |
| PENRM | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,00E-01 | 1,00E-01 |
| PENRT | MJ | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 3,94E-01 | 1,26E+01 |
| SM* | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| RSF | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| NRSF | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| FW | m ³ | 1,43E-02 | 1,77E-05 | 9,29E-05 | 1,44E-02 |

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERM:** Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERT:** Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **PENRE:** Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRM:** Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRT:** Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **SM:** Use of secondary material; **RSF:** Use of renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF:** Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; **FW:** Net use of fresh water.

* Referred only to 1 kg of product without packaging

Table 8: MAPEQUICK AF70: Waste production and output flows referred to 1 kg of product in IBC packaging:

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|-------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| HWD | kg | 9,18E-12 | 1,19E-12 | 9,77E-07 | 9,77E-07 |
| NHWD | kg | 2,31E-04 | 3,65E-05 | 6,07E-03 | 6,34E-03 |
| RWD | kg | 2,93E-05 | 4,16E-07 | 5,00E-06 | 3,48E-05 |
| Components for re-use | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for recycling | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,55E-05 | 6,55E-05 |
| Materials for energy recovery | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,72E-03 | 1,72E-03 |
| Exported energy, electricity | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, thermal | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |

HWD: Hazardous waste disposed; **NHWD:** Non-Hazardous waste disposed; **RWD:** Radioactive waste disposed

Table 9: MAPEQUICK AF70: Information on biogenic carbon content at the factory gate referred to 1 kg of product in IBC packaging:

| Biogenic Carbon Content | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Biogenic carbon content in product | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Biogenic carbon content in packaging | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,37E-03 | 1,37E-03 |

MAPEQUICK AF70

(1 kg product in bulk)

Table 10: MAPEQUICK AF70: Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804 referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| GWP_{TOTAL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,22E-01 | 1,71E-02 | 1,36E-04 | 6,39E-01 |
| GWP _{FOSSIL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,14E-01 | 1,71E-02 | 1,39E-04 | 6,32E-01 |
| GWP _{BIOGENIC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 7,08E-03 | -1,65E-04 | -3,13E-06 | 6,91E-03 |
| GWP _{LULUC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,02E-04 | 1,14E-04 | 4,98E-07 | 7,16E-04 |
| ODP | (kg CFC 11 eq.) | 3,69E-08 | 1,67E-15 | 2,17E-16 | 3,69E-08 |
| AP | (mol H ⁺ eq.) | 7,80E-03 | 6,21E-05 | 7,76E-07 | 7,86E-03 |
| EP _{FRESHWATER} | (kg P eq.) | 3,69E-04 | 6,03E-08 | 3,29E-10 | 3,69E-04 |
| EP _{MARINE} | (kg N eq.) | 8,34E-04 | 2,60E-05 | 2,26E-07 | 8,60E-04 |
| EP _{TERRESTRIAL} | (mol N eq.) | 6,87E-03 | 2,91E-04 | 2,50E-06 | 7,16E-03 |
| POCP | (kg NMVOC eq.) | 2,20E-03 | 5,38E-05 | 6,20E-07 | 2,25E-03 |
| ADP _{MINERALS&METALS} * | (kg Sb eq.) | 1,51E-05 | 1,71E-09 | 1,42E-11 | 1,51E-05 |
| ADP _{FOSSIL} * | (MJ) | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 1,82E-03 | 1,22E+01 |
| WDP* | (m ³ world eq.) | 6,14E-01 | 1,89E-04 | 1,03E-05 | 6,14E-01 |

GWP_{TOTAL}: Global Warming Potential total; **GWP_{FOSSIL}**: Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; **GWP_{BIOGENIC}**: Global Warming Potential biogenic; **GWP_{LULUC}**: Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; **ODP**: Depletion Potential of the stratospheric Ozone layer; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **EP_{FRESHWATER}**: Eutrophication Potential, freshwater; **EP_{MARINE}**: Eutrophication Potential, marine; **EP_{TERRESTRIAL}**: Eutrophication Potential, terrestrial; **POCP**: Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; **ADP_{MINERALS&METALS}**: Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources; **ADP_{FOSSIL}**: Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources; **WDP**: Water Deprivation Potential.

* The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is a limited experience with the indicator

Table 11: MAPEQUICK AF70: Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| GWP-GHG | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 6,00E-01 | 1,69E-02 | 1,37E-04 | 6,17E-01 |

GWP-GHG: The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

Table 12: MAPEQUICK AF70: Use of resources referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|-----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PERE | MJ | 9,37E-01 | 1,54E-02 | 2,21E-04 | 9,53E-01 |
| PERM | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| PERT | MJ | 9,37E-01 | 1,54E-02 | 2,21E-04 | 9,53E-01 |
| PENRE | MJ | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 1,82E-03 | 1,22E+01 |
| PENRM | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| PENRT | MJ | 1,20E+01 | 2,25E-01 | 1,82E-03 | 1,22E+01 |
| SM* | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| RSF | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| NRSF | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| FW | m ³ | 1,43E-02 | 1,77E-05 | 3,49E-07 | 1,43E-02 |

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERM:** Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERT:** Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **PENRE:** Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRM:** Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRT:** Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **SM:** Use of secondary material; **RSF:** Use of renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF:** Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; **FW:** Net use of fresh water.

* Referred only to 1 kg of product without packaging

Table 13: MAPEQUICK AF70: Waste production and output flows referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|-------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| HWD | kg | 9,18E-12 | 1,19E-12 | 6,37E-14 | 1,04E-11 |
| NHWD | kg | 2,31E-04 | 3,65E-05 | 6,00E-03 | 6,26E-03 |
| RWD | kg | 2,93E-05 | 4,16E-07 | 1,40E-08 | 2,98E-05 |
| Components for re-use | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for recycling | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,55E-05 | 6,55E-05 |
| Materials for energy recovery | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,72E-03 | 1,72E-03 |
| Exported energy, electricity | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, thermal | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |

HWD: Hazardous waste disposed; **NHWD:** Non-Hazardous waste disposed; **RWD:** Radioactive waste disposed

Table 14: MAPEQUICK AF70: Information on biogenic carbon content at the factory gate referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Biogenic Carbon Content | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Biogenic carbon content in product | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Biogenic carbon content in packaging | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |

More details about electrical mix used in this EPD, is shown below:

| | Data source | GWP _{TOTAL} | Unit |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Residual electricity grid mix (NO) – 2020 | AIB | 0,457* | kg CO ₂ -eqv/ kWh |

*CML2001 – Aug. 2016

8. DATA QUALITY

Table 15: Data quality

| Dataset & Geographical reference | Database (source) | Temporary reference |
|---|---|---------------------|
| A1; A3 | | |
| Organic substances | Sphera Database; ecoinvent 3.7 and 3.8; | 2021 |
| Water | Sphera Database; | 2021 |
| Inorganic substances | Sphera Database; ecoinvent 3.7 | 2020-2021 |
| Residual electricity grid mix (NO) | Sphera Database; | 2021 |
| Packaging components (EU) | Sphera Database; PlasticsEurope | 2005 - 2020 |
| A2 | | |
| Truck, Euro 5, 27t payload (GLO) | Sphera Database | 2021 |
| Light train, gross tonne weight 500t / 363t payload (GLO) | Sphera database | 2021 |
| Oceanic ship (27500 DWT – GLO) | Sphera database | 2021 |
| Diesel for transport (EU) | Sphera database | 2018 |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (EU) | Sphera database | 2018 |
| Electricity grid mix (EU) | Sphera database | 2018 |

All data included in table above refer to a period between 2005 and

2021; the most relevant ones are specific from supplier, while the others (i.e. transport and minor contribution dataset), come from European and global databases.

All dataset are not more than 10 years old according to EN 15804 §6.3.8.2 “Data quality requirements”. The only exception is the packaging materials from PlasticsEurope.

The Quality level concerning datasets used in the EPD can be considered as “very good” or “good” according to Annex E of the EN 15804 (current version); the only exception is represented by a packaging component which has a quality level classified as “poor” in terms of time representativeness.

Primary data concern the year 2021 and represent the whole annual production.

9. REQUISITE EVIDENCE

9.1 Indication for the calculation of Module A4 (Transport from the factory to the jobsite)

In order to calculate the impact related to the transport of 1 kg of product from the factory gate (Sagstua) to the jobsite, you can use the following formula:

$$\text{Transport Impact} = EF \text{ (kg/DU)} * \text{distance (km)}$$

EF: Emission Factor; DU: declared Unit

Table 16: The EFs are related to 1 kg of product transported with truck EURO 5 and EURO 6

| Indicator | Unit | EF (EURO 5) | EF (EURO 6) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| GWP_{TOTAL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 4,79E-05 | 4,83E-05 |
| GWP _{FOSSIL} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 4,81E-05 | 4,85E-05 |
| GWP _{BIOGENIC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | -4,70E-07 | -4,75E-07 |
| GWP _{LULUC} | (kg CO ₂ eq.) | 3,24E-07 | 3,28E-07 |
| ODP | (kg CFC 11 eq.) | 4,72E-18 | 4,77E-18 |
| AP | (mol H ⁺ eq.) | 1,46E-07 | 5,04E-08 |
| EP _{FRESHWATER} | (kg P eq.) | 1,72E-10 | 1,74E-10 |
| EP _{MARINE} | (kg N eq.) | 6,58E-08 | 1,54E-08 |
| EP _{TERRESTRIAL} | (mol N eq.) | 7,39E-07 | 1,87E-07 |
| POCP | (kg NMVOC eq.) | 1,31E-07 | 4,27E-08 |
| ADP _{MINERALS&METALS} | (kg Sb eq.) | 4,84E-12 | 4,90E-12 |
| ADP _{FOSSIL} | (MJ) | 6,31E-04 | 6,38E-04 |
| WDP | (m ³ world eq.) | 5,38E-07 | 5,44E-07 |

Example:

If the product is transported from Sagstua (production plant) to Oslo (Jobsite) for around 90 km with a truck (EURO 5), the GWP impact result will be:

$$GWP_{TOTAL} = 4,79E-05 * 90km = 4,31E-03 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{eq}$$

10. VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

CEN standard EN 15804 served as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

| | |
|--|---|
| PCR: | PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2), Version 1.11, 2021-02-05, UN CPC code 54 |
| PCR review was conducted by: | The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec.com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact . |
| Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD Process Certification <input type="checkbox"/> EPD Verification |
| Third party verifier: | Certiquality S.r.l. Number of accreditation: 003H rev15 |
| Accredited or approved by: | Accredia |
| Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third-party verifier | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No |

11. REFERENCES

- EN 15804: SUSTAINABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS - ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS - CORE RULES FOR THE PRODUCT CATEGORY OF CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS
- EN 934-5: "ADMIXTURES FOR CONCRETE, MORTAR AND GROUT - PART 5: ADMIXTURES FOR SPRAYED CONCRETE - DEFINITIONS, REQUIREMENTS, CONFORMITY, MARKING AND LABELLING".
- EUROPEAN RESIDUAL MIXES VERSION 1.0, 2021-05-31 (AIB: ASSOCIATION OF ISSUING BODIES)
- GENERAL PROGRAMME INSTRUCTIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM. VERSION 3.01
- ISO 14025 ENVIRONMENTAL LABELS AND DECLARATIONS - TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATIONS - PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES
- ISO 14044 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT – LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT – REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES
- PCR 2019:14 CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS (EN 15804: A2), UN CPC CODE 54; VERSION 1.11

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ANNEX 1

ANNEX 1: Self declaration from EPD owner

Specific Norwegian requirements

1 Applied electricity data set used in the manufacturing phase

The electricity mix for the electricity used in manufacturing (A3) is the residual electricity grid mix
<0,457 kg CO₂ eqv/kWh>

2 Content of dangerous substances

- The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list.
- The product contains substances that are less than 0.1% by weight given by the REACH Candidate or the Norwegian priority list.
- The product contains dangerous substances more than 0.1% by weight given in the REACH candidate list or the [Norwegian Priority List](#), concentrations is given in the EPD:

| Dangerous substances from the REACH candidate list or the Norwegian Priority List | CAS No. | Quantity (concentration, wt%/FU(DU)). |
|---|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Substance 1 | | |
| Substance n | | |

3 Transport from the place of manufacture to a central warehouse

Transport distance, and CO₂-eqv./DU from transport of the product from factory gate to central warehouse in Oslo shall be given. The following table shall be included in the EPD:

| Type | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Type of vehicle | Distance km | Fuel/Energy use | Unit | Value (l/t) | kg CO ₂ -eqv./DU |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Boat | | | | | | | |
| Truck | 85 | 27 tonn, EURO 5 | 95 | 0,0165 | l/tkm | 1,57 | 4,55E-03 |
| Railway | | | | | | | |
| Rail | | | | | | | |
| Air | | | | | | | |
| Total | 85 | 27 tonn, EURO 5 | 95 | 0,0165 | l/tkm | 1,57 | 4,55E-03 |

4 Impact on the indoor environment

- Indoor air emission testing has been performed; specify test method and reference:
- No test has being performed
- Not relevant; specify : the product is a waterproofing membranes for underground structures. It does not affect the indoor air quality.
